# Immunologic Laboratory Tests

Kristine Krafts, M.D.

- Agglutination reactions
- DAT
- IAT
- Immunofluorescence
- ELISA
- Western blot
- Flow cytometry

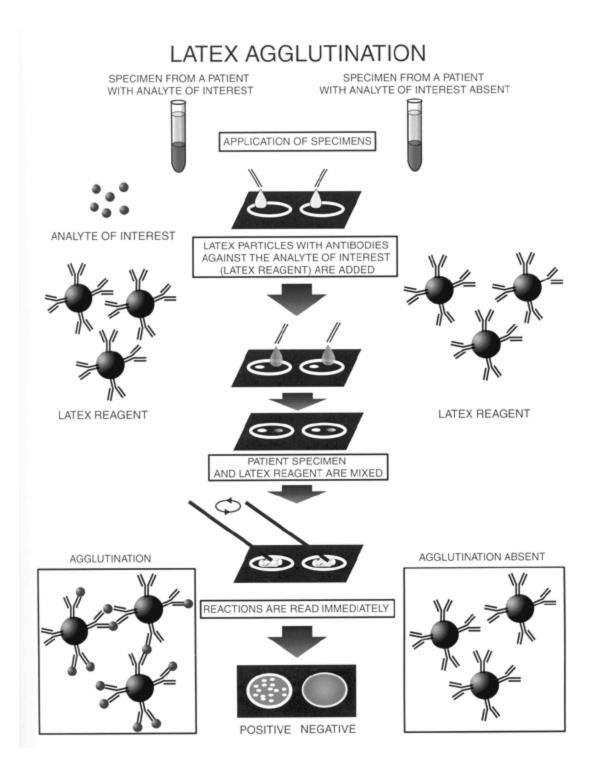
### Things to Remember About Each Test

- What does it measure?
- Where does the Ag-Ab interaction occur?
- How is the Ag-Ab complex detected?

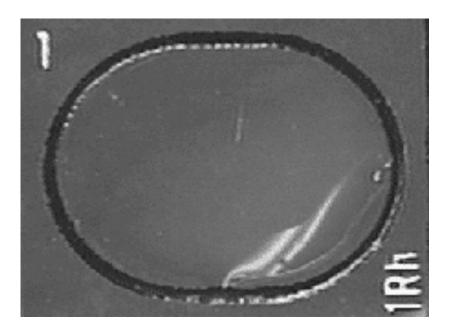
• Agglutination reactions

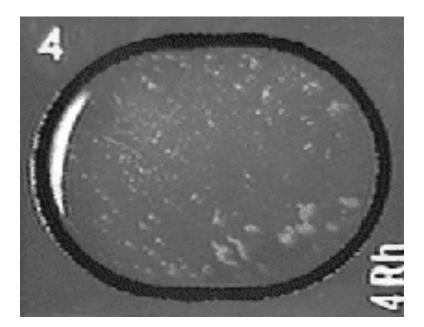
#### Agglutination Reactions: Purpose

- Detection of Ag in the patient's specimen
- Examples:
  - testing for antibodies to infectious agents
  - testing for Hemophilus influenzae type B capsular antigen in CSF









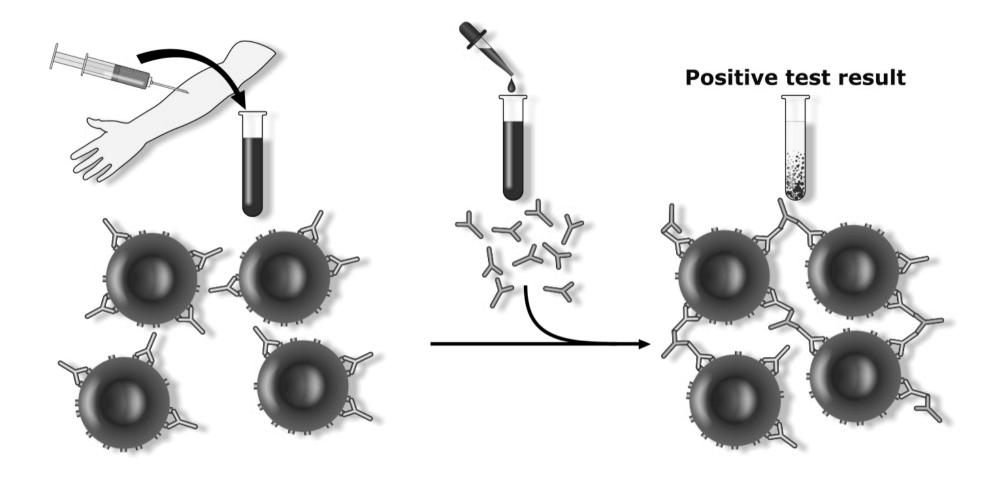
# negative

## positive

- Agglutination reactions
- DAT

#### DAT: Purpose

- Detection of Ab on patient's red cells
- Also called the direct Coombs Test
- Performed in patients with hemolytic anemia

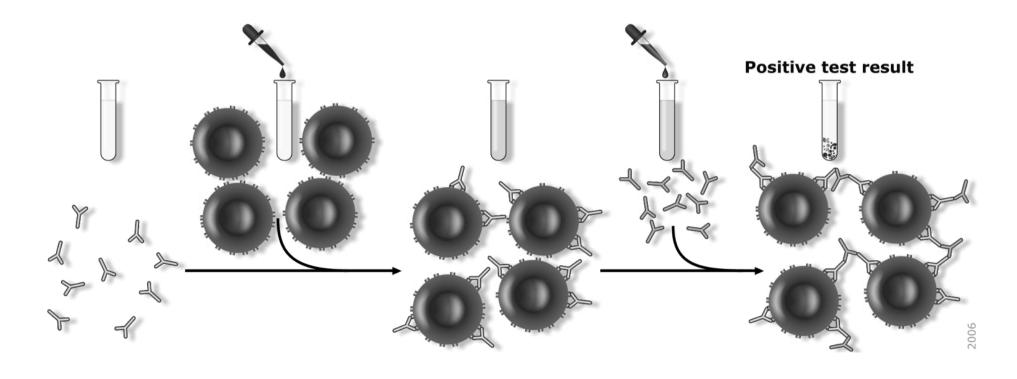


patient red cells + AHG = agglutination

- Agglutination reactions
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- IAT

#### IAT: Purpose

- Detection of antibodies to red cell antigens
- Also called the indirect Coombs Test
- Performed as part of pre-transfusion testing

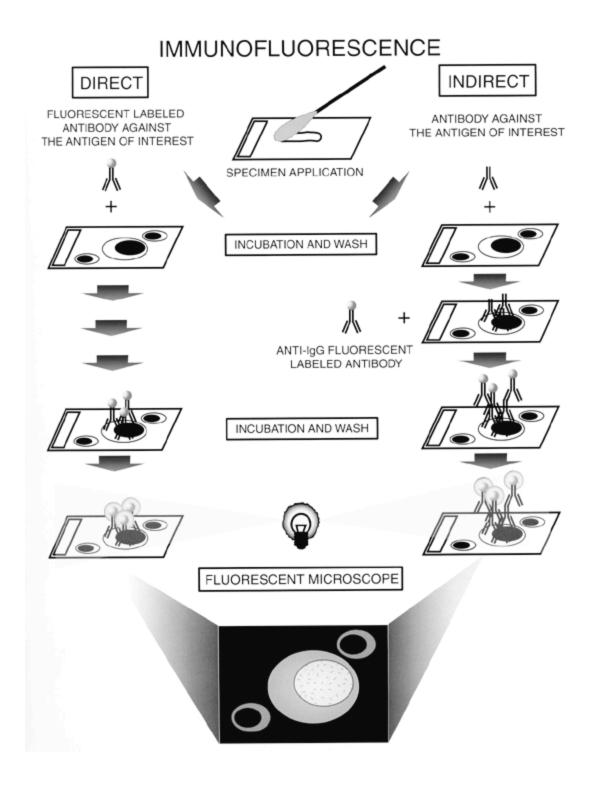


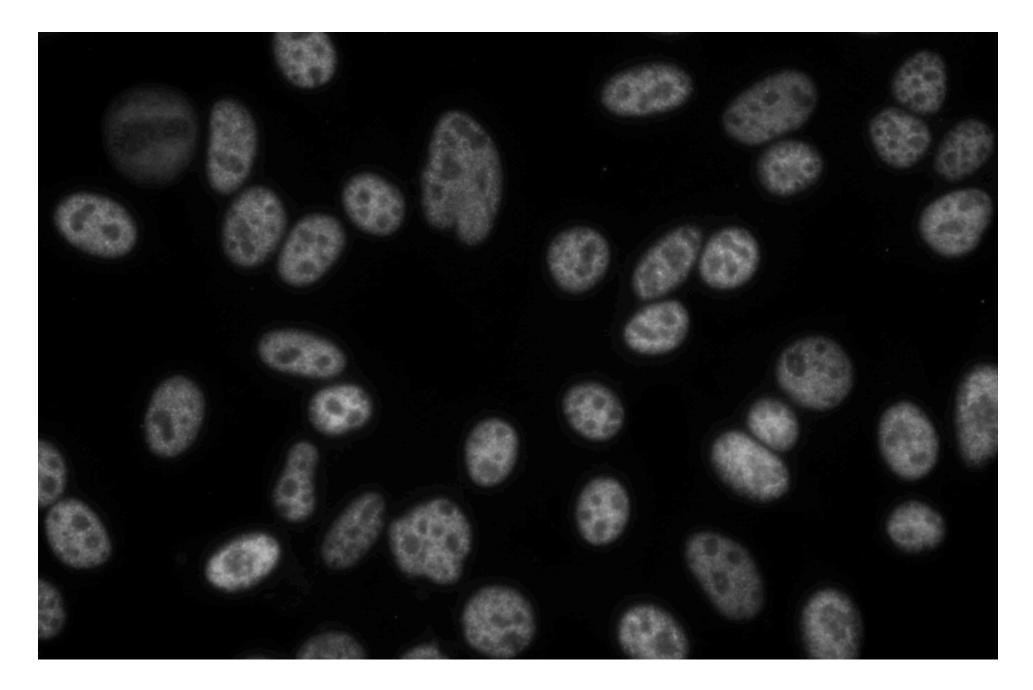
patient<br/>Abdonor<br/>RBCAb-coated<br/>donor RBC+ AHG<br/>= agglutination

- Agglutination reactions
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#### Immunofluorescence: Purpose

- Detection of a specific antigen or antibody in a patient's specimen
- Examples:
  - detection of antigen in a patient's biopsy specimen
  - detection of antibody in a patient's serum



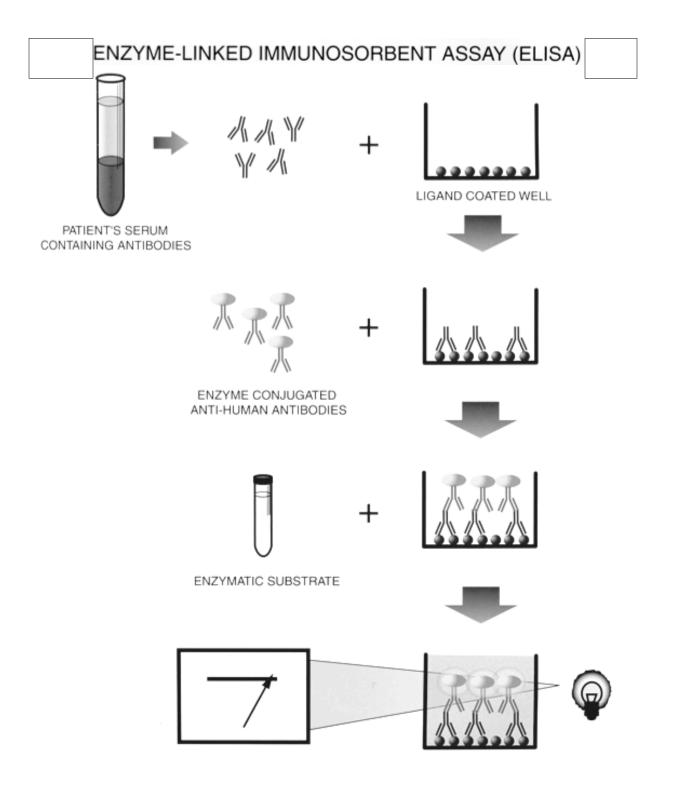


#### Positive fluorescent antinuclear antibody test

- Agglutination reactions
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- ELISA

### ELISA: Purpose

- Detection of antibodies in patient specimen
- Examples:
  - home pregnancy tests
  - HIV tests
  - tests for some coagulation factors, cytokines, and autoantibodies

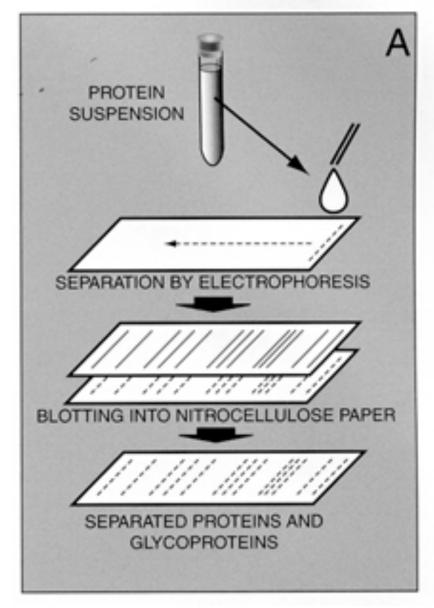


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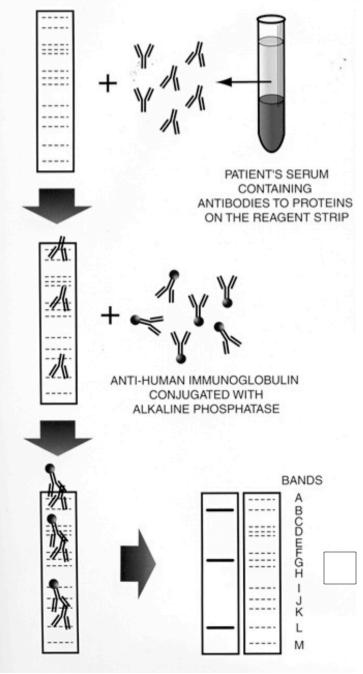
#### Western Blot: Purpose

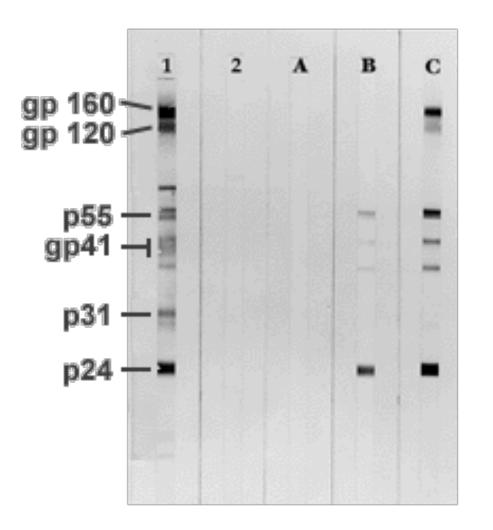
- Detection of antibodies in patient specimen
- Most common example: HIV test

#### PREPARATION OF A REAGENT STRIP



REAGENT STRIP



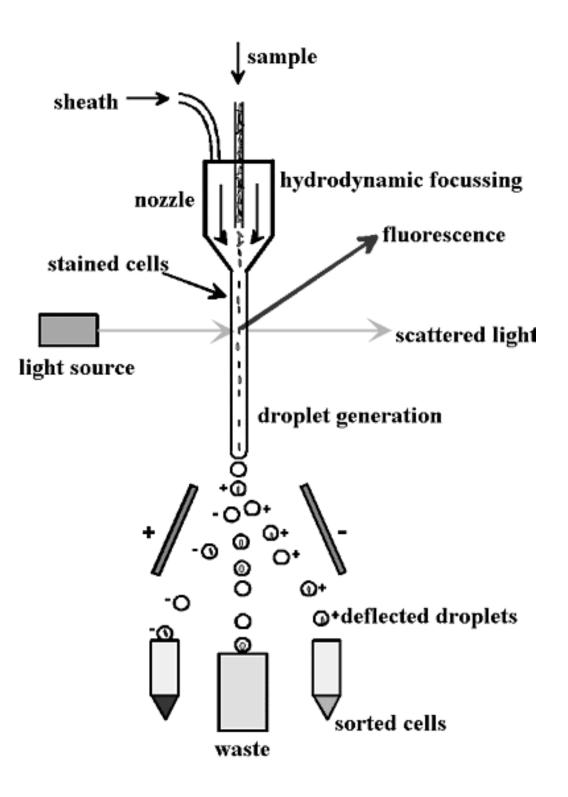


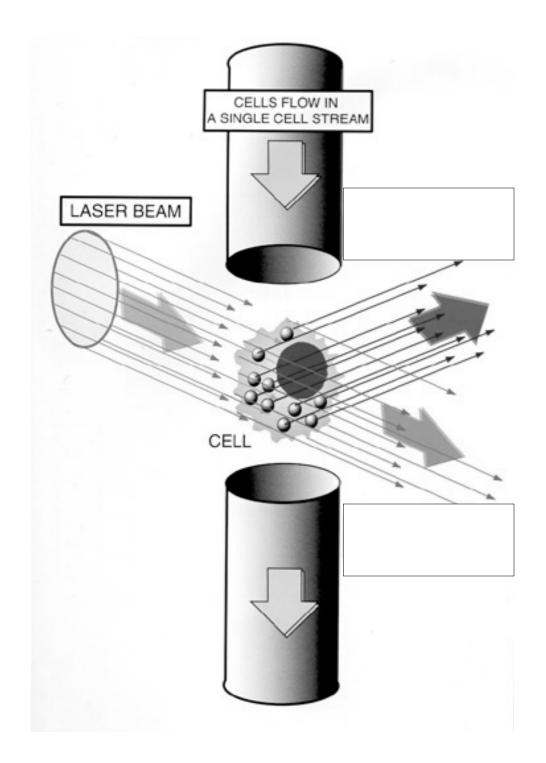
#### Enough bands = patient is "positive"

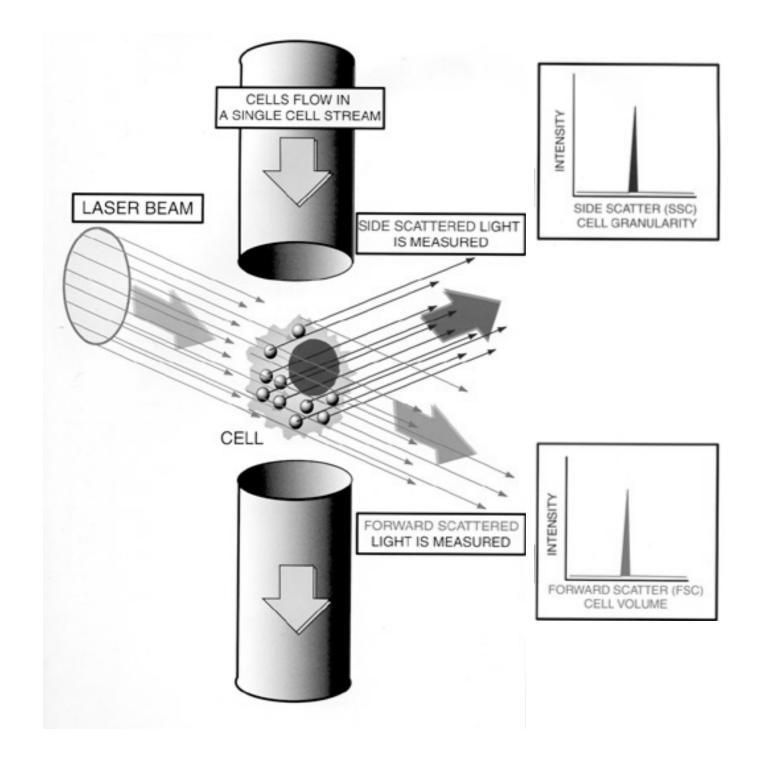
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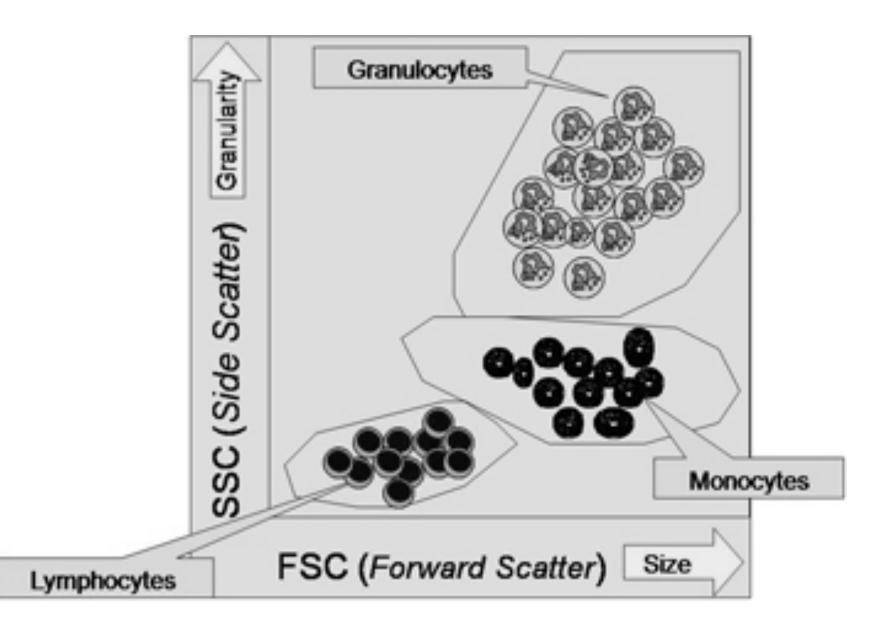
### Flow Cytometry: Purpose

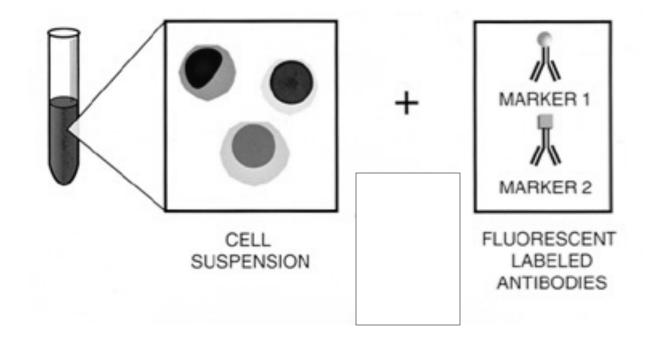
- Characterization of cell size, complexity, antigens
- Examples:
  - diagnosis of leukemia and lymphoma
  - determination of CD4/CD8 counts in patients with HIV

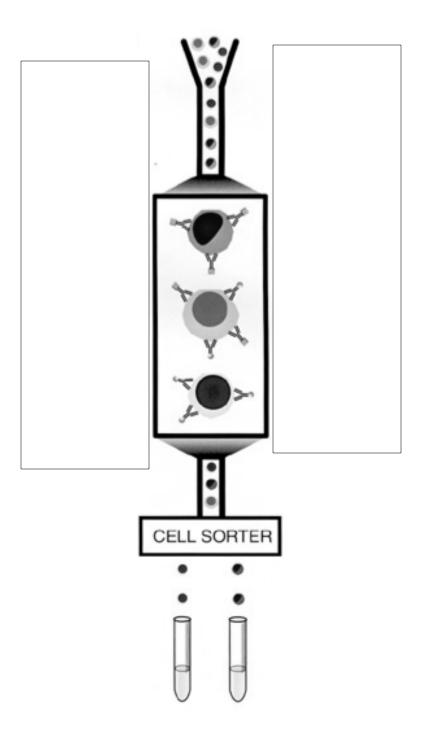


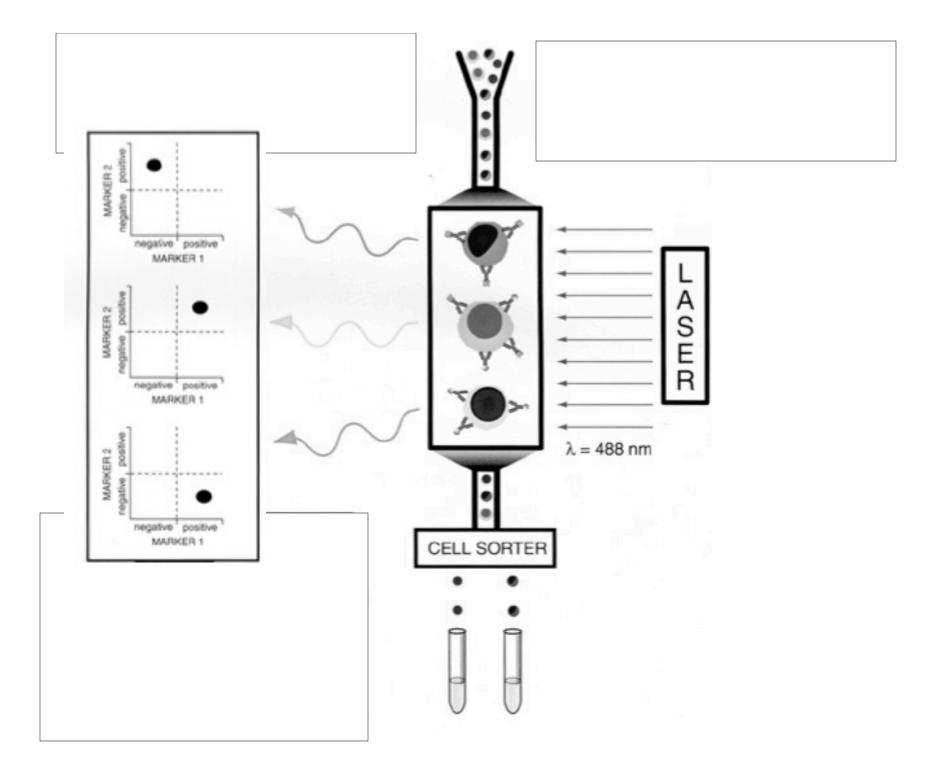


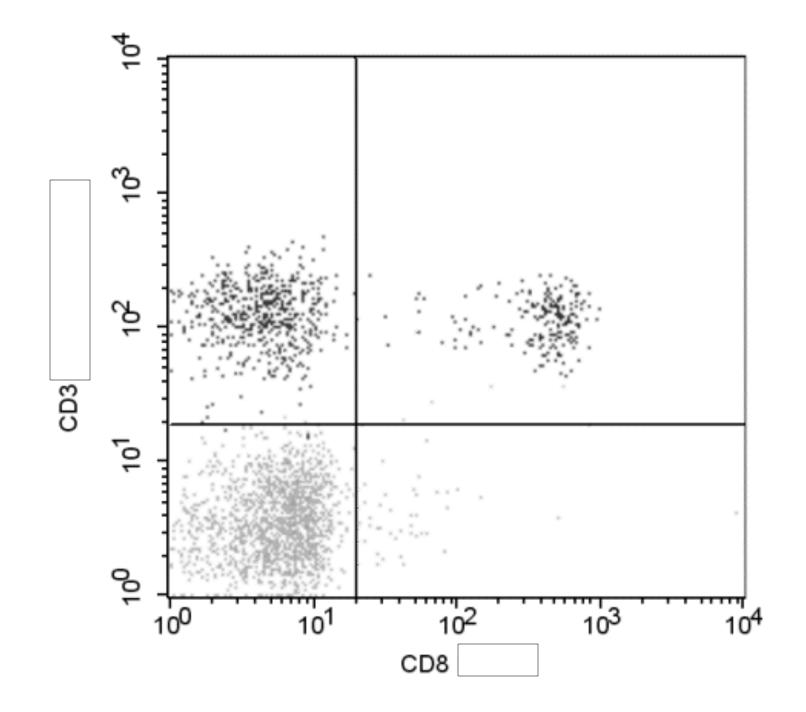












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